Model Checking – Exercise sheet 1

Exercise 1.1

- 1. Install Spin and iSpin by following steps 0-2 on http://spinroot.com/spin/Man/ README.html.
- 2. Inspect contents of the downloaded package. It should contain several examples and documents to start with. To test your installation, run the following commands in the Examples directory:
 - spin --
 - spin -V
 - spin hello.pml
 - ispin hello.pml

Spin references can be downloaded from http://spinroot.com/spin/Man/. (For a gentle introduction to Spin, see e.g. Tutorial_1.pdf)

- 3. Install Modex from http://spinroot.com/modex/. Modex is a tool that can extract Spin models from programs written in the C programming language.
- 4. To test your installation, run the following commands in the Manual directory:
 - modex --
 - modex hello.c
 - spin model
- 5. Compare the contents of hello.pml and model.
- 6. In the Modex package, there is a script named verify. Given a C program, the script calls Modex and Spin, and outputs user-friendly messages. Copy the script or make a link to it in the bin directory. For instance,
 - cp Scripts/verify /usr/local/bin
- 7. To test the script, run:
 - verify hello.c # perform model extraction + verification
 - verify clean # clean up temporary files

Exercise 1.2

Consider the following program bounds.c:

```
#define N 3
#define M N+1
int main(void) {
    int *p[N][M], q[N*M], i, j, k = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        for (j = 0; j < M; j++) {
            p[i][j] = &q[k];
            k++;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

- 1. Can you spot a bug in the program? Justify your answer.
- 2. Run Modex and Spin to find the bug. Observe the output messages.
- 3. Inspect the content of the generated model file.

Exercise 1.3

Consider the following program threads.c (an example from the Modex distribution):

```
1 #include <pthread.h>
                                        19
  #include <assert.h>
                                              if (ptr) {
                                        20
\mathbf{2}
                                                tmp = shared;
3
                                        21
  int shared = 0;
                                                tmp++;
                                        22
4
  int *ptr;
                                                shared = tmp;
5
                                        23
                                              }
6
                                        24
  void *thread1(void *arg) {
                                              return 0;
7
                                        25
                                           }
     int tmp;
                                        26
8
                                        27
9
                                           int main(void) {
     ptr = &shared;
10
                                        28
     tmp = shared;
                                              pthread_t t[2];
11
                                        29
     tmp++;
12
                                        30
     shared = tmp;
                                              pthread_create(&t[0], 0, thread1, 0);
13
                                        31
                                              pthread_create(&t[1], 0, thread2, 0);
     return 0;
                                        32
14
  }
15
                                        33
16
                                        34
                                              pthread_join(t[0], 0);
                                              pthread_join(t[1], 0);
  void *thread2(void *arg) {
                                        35
17
     int tmp;
18
                                        36
```

37 assert(shared == 2); 39 return 0; 38 40 }

1. Does the assertion at line 37 always hold? Justify your answer.

2. Run Modex and Spin or verify to confirm your finding.

Solution 1.2

- 1. #define M N+1 is the problematic line. The C compiler replaces all instances of M with N+1 without any parenthesis. Hence, the size of q would be N*N+1 instead of N*(N+1).
- 2. Run modex bounds.c and spin -a model. This creates the pan.c file. Next compile it and execute it gcc -o pan pan.c && ./pan. You would get an error which says the following: pan:1: c_code line 26 precondition false: (Pp_main->k < ((3*3)+1)) (at depth 52)
- 3. The model file has a line c_state "int q[((3*3)+1)]" "Local p_main" which gives away the problem.

Solution 1.3

- No, it does not hold. Consider the following execution sequence after both the threads are created: lines 8, 10, 11 (thread1.tmp = 0), 18, 20, 21 (thread2.tmp = 0), 22 (thread2.tmp = 1), 23 (shared = thread2.tmp = 1), 25, 12 (thread1.tmp = 1), 13 (shared = thread1.tmp = 1).
- 2. On running ./pan, we get the following error pan:1: c_code line 91 precondition false: (now.shared==2) (at depth 35)