## I7

J. Esparza / A. Durand-Gasselin / D. Suwimonteerabuth
25.06.2015

## Model Checking - Exercise sheet 10

## Exercise 10.1

Let $a=a_{2} a_{1} a_{0}, b=b_{2} b_{1} b_{0}$, and $c=c_{3} c_{2} c_{1} c_{0}$ be 3-bit, 3-bit, and 4-bit unsigned integers, respectively.

1. Draw a BDD that represents $a+b=c$. Write down your variable ordering.
2. Draw a BDD that represents $a=2 \cdot b$. The BDD should contain every possible value of $b$ such that $2 \cdot b$ is representable using 3 bits. The variable ordering of $a$ and $b$ must be the same as in (1).
3. Use the BDDs from (1) and (2) to contruct a BDD that represents $3 \cdot b=c$.
4. Use the BDD from (3) to contruct a BDD that represents $c \bmod 3=0$.

## Exercise 10.2

Consider the following transition system $T$ :


1. Use DDcal to construct a BDD that represents the transition relation of $T$.
2. Use the BDD from (1) to construct a BDD that represents all direct successors of $s_{0}$
3. Construct a BDD that represents $\operatorname{pre}\left(\left\{s_{0}, s_{2}\right\}\right)$
