# Computational Complexity - Homework 10 

Discussed on Monday 20.6.2016.

## Exercise 10.1

Give an interactive proof protocol for graph isomorphism and show that your protocol satisfies the completeness and soundness requirements.

Can you give a zero-knowledge one, too?

## Exercise 10.2

Let $p$ be a prime number. An integer $a$ is then a quadratic residue modulo $p$ if there is some integer $b$ s.t. $a \equiv b^{2}(\bmod p)$.
(a) Show that $\mathrm{QR}:=\left\{(a, p) \in \mathbb{Z}^{2} \mid a\right.$ is a quadratic residue modulo $\left.p\right\}$ is in NP.
(b) Set QNR $:=\left\{(a, p) \in \mathbb{Z}^{2} \mid a\right.$ is not a quadratic residue modulo $\left.p\right\}$.

Complete the following sketch to an interactive proof protocol for QNR and show its completeness and soundness:
i) Input: integer $a$ and prime $p$.
ii) The verifier chooses $r \in\{0,1, \ldots, p-1\}$ and $b \in\{0,1\}$ uniformly at random, keeping both secret.
i. If $b=0$, the verifier sends $r^{2} \bmod p$ to the prover.
ii. If $b=1$, the verifier sends $a r^{2} \bmod p$ to the prover.
iii) ...

## Exercise 10.3

Show that perfect soundness collapses the class IP to NP, where perfect soundness means soundness with error probability 0 .

