## Automata and Formal Languages - Homework 2

Due 06.11.2017

## Exercise 2.1

Consider the regular expression $r=(a+a b)^{*}$.
(a) Convert $r$ into an equivalent NFA- $\varepsilon A$.
(b) Convert $A$ into an equivalent NFA $B$. (It is not necessary to use algorithm NFAعtoNFA)
(c) Convert $B$ into an equivalent DFA $C$.
(d) By inspecting $B$, give an equivalent minimal DFA $D$. (No algorithm needed).
(e) Convert $D$ into an equivalent regular expression $r^{\prime}$.
(f) Prove formally that $L(r)=L\left(r^{\prime}\right)$.

## Exercise 2.2

Convert the following NFA- $\varepsilon$ to an NFA using the algorithm NFA NoNFA from the lecture notes (see Sect. 2.3, p. 33). You may verify your answer with the Python program nfa-eps2nfa.


## Exercise 2.3

For every $n \in \mathbb{N}$, let $L_{n}=\left\{w \in\{0,1\}^{*}:|w| \geq n\right.$ and $\left.w_{|w|-n+1}=1\right\}$.
(a) Exhibit an NFA with $O(n)$ states that accepts $L_{n}$.
(b) Exhibit a DFA with $\Omega\left(2^{n}\right)$ states that accepts $L_{n}$.
(c) Show that any DFA that accepts $L_{n}$ has at least $2^{n}$ states.

