Technische Universität München 17 Prof. J. Esparza / Dr. M. Blondin

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Automata and Formal Languages — Homework 2

Due 06.11.2017

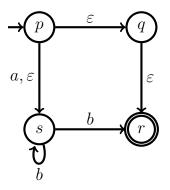
Exercise 2.1

Consider the regular expression $r = (a + ab)^*$.

- (a) Convert r into an equivalent NFA- ε A.
- (b) Convert A into an equivalent NFA B. (It is not necessary to use algorithm $NFA \varepsilon to NFA$)
- (c) Convert B into an equivalent DFA C.
- (d) By inspecting B, give an equivalent minimal DFA D. (No algorithm needed).
- (e) Convert D into an equivalent regular expression r'.
- (f) Prove formally that L(r) = L(r').

Exercise 2.2

Convert the following NFA- ε to an NFA using the algorithm *NFA* ε *toNFA* from the lecture notes (see Sect. 2.3, p. 33). You may verify your answer with the Python program nfa-eps2nfa.



Exercise 2.3

For every $n \in \mathbb{N}$, let $L_n = \{ w \in \{0, 1\}^* : |w| \ge n \text{ and } w_{|w|-n+1} = 1 \}.$

- (a) Exhibit an NFA with O(n) states that accepts L_n .
- (b) Exhibit a DFA with $\Omega(2^n)$ states that accepts L_n .
- (c) Show that any DFA that accepts L_n has at least 2^n states.