# Automata and Formal Languages – Homework 11

#### Due 21.1.2013.

#### Exercise 11.1

Implement the intersection of Büchi automata with a simple procedure using NGAtoNBA. Further, can you make use of this procedure when intersecting more than two automata?

## Exercise 11.2

For this exercise, let  $\Sigma := \{a, b\}$ . Consider the  $\omega$ -regular expression

$$\phi_k := ((\Sigma^{k+1})^* \Sigma^k a)^\omega$$
 with  $k \ge 1$ .

- (a) Describe  $\mathcal{L}(\phi_k)$  in words.
- (b) Construct a Büchi automaton  $\mathcal{B}_k$  s.t.  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_k) = \mathcal{L}(\phi_k)$ .
- (c) Apply the intersection construction to  $\mathcal{B}_1$  and  $\mathcal{B}_2$ .
- (d) Can you come up with a Büchi automaton for  $\mathcal{L}(\phi_1) \cap \mathcal{L}(\phi_2)$  which has less states then the one obtained in (c)?

## Exercise 11.3

Construct a generalized Büchi and a Büchi automaton accepting  $L_1 \cap L_2 \cap L_3 \subseteq \{a, b\}^{\omega}$ , where

- $L_1 = \{ \alpha \mid \text{infinitely many } a \text{'s occur in } \alpha \}$
- $L_2 = \{ \alpha \mid \text{finitely many } b \text{'s occur in } \alpha \}$
- $L_3 = \{ \alpha \mid \text{each } a \text{ in } \alpha \text{ is immediately followed by a } b \}$

#### Exercise 11.4

Consider the following Büchi  $\mathcal{B}$  automaton representing the  $\omega$ -words over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  having only finitely many as:

start 
$$\rightarrow q_0$$
  $\xrightarrow{b} q_1$ 

(a) Sketch dag( $abab^{\omega}$ ) and dag( $(ab)^{\omega}$ ).

(b) Consider the ranking r defined by  $r(\langle q_0, i \rangle) := 1$  and  $r(\langle q_1, i \rangle) := 0$  for all  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ . Is r an odd ranking for dag $(abab^{\omega})$ , resp. dag $((ab)^{\omega})$ ?

- (c) Show that the ranking r defined in (b) is odd for dag(w) iff  $w \notin \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B})$ .
- (d) Apply now the complement construction for Büchi automata to  $\mathcal{B}$  as seen in the lecture. Hint: You may use the fact that it is sufficient to use  $\{0, 1\}$  as ranks.